



AHA Washington Update

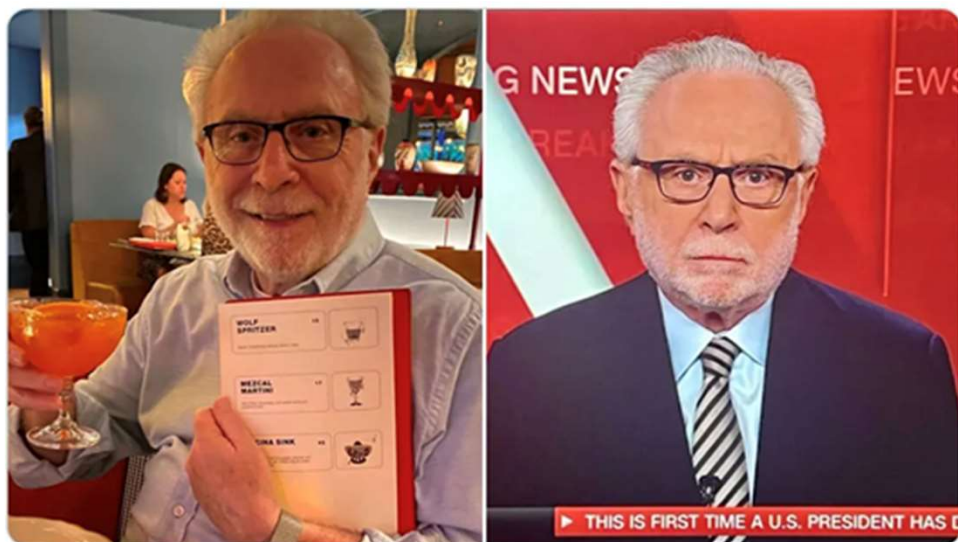
A2 Financial Specialists

September 2024

Shannon Wu, Director Payment Policy

Michelle Millerick, Director Coverage Policy

DC's Hottest Drink: The Wolf Spritzer



- No other cocktail embodies summer 2024 like a refreshing spritz mixed with a sense of excitement and dread

Agenda



- **Legislative Report**
- **Regulatory Report**

Key Dates

- **September 9:** Congress returns from summer recess
- **September 10:** (Second) Presidential debate
- **September 11:** Absentee ballots mailed in Alabama
- **September 16:** Early voting begins in Pennsylvania
- **October 1:** Fiscal Year 2024 Funding expires
- **October 1:** Vice presidential debate
- **November 5:** 2024 election
- **Nov / Dec:** Lame Duck session
- **January 2025:** Statutory PAYGO cuts take effect; debt ceiling expires
- **Dec 31, 2025:** ACA premium subsidies and Trump tax cuts expire



Government Funding

- **House Republicans want a funding bill through March 28**
 - Will attach legislation that would require proof of citizenship to register to vote in a federal election
- **This approach will not be supported by Congressional Democrats and the White House**
 - Think funding level is inadequate
 - Already illegal for non-citizens to vote in federal elections
- **Possible outcome: CR extended into December**
 - May include disaster assistance funding



Health Policy Legislative Tracker

Issue	House	Senate
Site-Neutral Payment (Medicare) Cuts	<p>“Lower Costs, More Transparency Act” Passed House; 12/11/23</p> <p>“Healthy Competition for Better Care Act;” “Transparent Telehealth Bills Act” Passed Education & Workforce; 9/11/24 (banning hospital contract practices; telehealth facility fees)</p>	<p>“Primary Care and Health Workforce Act” Passed Senate HELP; 9/23/23 (unique Identifier; telehealth and evaluation and management facility fees; banning hospital contract practices)</p>
Hospital Price Transparency	<p>“Lower Costs, More Transparency Act” Passed House; 12/11/23</p>	No action
\$35 insulin prices (for all)	No action	No action
Telehealth Waiver	<p>Approved by Ways and Means Expecting action by Energy & Commerce</p>	No action
Hospital at Home Waiver	<p>Approved by Ways and Means Expecting action by Energy & Commerce</p>	No action
Labor-HHS Appropriations	Approved by Appropriations Committee	Approved by Appropriations Committee
PBM Overhaul	<p>Some proposals passed “Lower Costs, More Transparency Act”</p>	Approved by Finance, HELP

AHA's Fall Agenda

- **Reject Medicare (site-neutral) payment cuts**
- **Hold commercial health plans accountable**
- **Prevent Medicaid DSH cuts**
- **Extend MDH / LVA hospital programs**
- **Support hospital at home and telehealth waivers**
- **Enact the Safety from Violence for Healthcare Employees (SAVE) Act**



Action Alert

September 9, 2024

ACTION NEEDED: Contact Lawmakers Now on Important Issues Facing Hospitals and Health Systems

Engage lawmakers now on key issues, including site-neutral payments, workforce safety, commercial health plan accountability, Medicaid DSH and rural programs

Lawmakers have returned to Washington for three weeks to consider government funding, which expires Oct. 1. Congress must pass a continuing resolution (CR) by Sept. 30 to avoid a government shutdown. Leading into the election, lawmakers will return to their home districts but return to Washington in November for a busy lame-duck session when key funding issues, including Medicaid disproportionate share hospital (DSH) and rural programs, will be on the agenda.

During the next few weeks and again following the election, the field needs to engage with members of Congress to remind them of the importance of preserving access to care by continuing to fund vital programs and avoid harmful policies such as site-neutral payments. It is essential that federal lawmakers understand the challenges hospitals and health systems face and what is at stake for the patients and communities they represent.

While AHA makes the case in Washington, D.C., hospital and health system leaders must reinforce these important messages back home. Your legislators listen to you because you live, work, vote and provide care in their communities. Lawmakers need to hear how congressional support is necessary to ensure hospitals can provide the 24/7 access to care patients and communities depend on.

WHAT YOU CAN DO

- **Contact** your lawmakers and arrange conversations about the challenges your organization is facing and why additional support is needed.
- **Explain** to your elected lawmakers how government funding programs such as Medicaid DSH, enhanced low-volume adjustment (LVA) and Medicare-dependent hospitals (MDH), and others impact your ability to provide care in your community, and what would happen if those programs were not extended.
- **Share** this alert with your government affairs and media relations staff, leadership team and governance board to ensure a cohesive narrative around issues impacting hospitals and health systems. Be prepared to give specific examples of what services could be at stake.

AREAS OF FOCUS AND AHA RESOURCES

Health Care Issues: “Must Pass”

- **Physician Payment**
- **Medicaid DSH cut relief**
- **GPCI**
- **Ambulance add-on**
- **Telehealth waiver extension**
- **Hospital at home waiver extension**
- **MDH / Low Volume Adjustment**
- **Community health centers funding**
- **Teaching Centers GME**



Health Care Issues: “Offsets”

- Medicare site-neutral payment cuts
- Requiring unique identifiers for HOPDs
- Medicare sequestration
- Lab delay (PAMA)
- Hospice
- PBM reform
- Nursing home staffing rule



Regulatory Report



Regulatory Calendar



2024 Regulatory Calendar

#	Rule Title	Proposed Rule (Actual / expected)	Final Rule (Actual / expected)	Effective Date
Medicare Payment Rules				
1	FY 2025 Inpatient and LTCH PPS	April 10	Aug. 1	Oct. 1
2	FY 2025 IRF PPS	March 27	Aug. 1	Oct. 1
3	FY 2025 SNF PPS	March 28	Aug. 1	Oct. 1
4	FY 2025 IPF PPS	April 3	Aug. 1	Oct. 1
5	CY 2025 HH PPS	June 26	Nov. 1	Jan. 1, 2025
6	CY 2025 Outpatient and ASC PPS	July	Nov. 1	Jan. 1, 2025
7	CY 2025 Physician Fee Schedule	July	Nov. 1	Jan. 1, 2025
Medicaid Rules				
9	DSH Third-Party Payer	N/A - Final Rule	Feb. 23	April 23
9	Medicaid FFS Access	N/A - Final Rule	April 22	varies
10	Medicaid MCO Access	N/A - Final Rule	April 22	varies
11	Streamlining the Medicaid, CHIP, and Basic Health Program Application, Eligibility Determination, Enrollment, and Renewal Processes	N/A - Final Rule	March 27	varies
Medicare Advantage Rules				
12	2025 MA Final Rule	N/A - Final Rule	April 4	Jan. 1, 2025
13	2026 MA Proposed Rule	Nov. / Dec.	March/April 2025	Jan. 1, 2026
Commercial Insurance Rules				
14	Short-term Limited Duration Plan Rule	N/A - Final Rule	April 3	June 17
15	2025 Notice of Benefit and Payment Parameters	N/A - Final Rule	April 15	2025
16	Association Health Plan Rules	Dec. 20, 2023	April 30	July 1
17	IDR Operations Rule	N/A - Final Rule	unknown	unknown
18	2026 Notice of Benefit and Payment Parameters	Q3 or Q4	2025	2026
Behavioral Health Rules				
19	Confidentiality of Substance Use Disorder Patient Records (HHS/SAMHSA) (42 CFR Part 2)	N/A - Final Rule	Feb. 8	implementation April 9, 2024; compliance April 9, 2026
20	HIPAA Notice of Privacy Practices	N/A - Final Rule	April 22	60 days after final rule
21	HHS/Treasury/DOL Requirements Related to Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act	N/A - Final Rule	unknown	unknown
22	Substance Use Disorder Patient Antidiscrimination	unknown	unknown	unknown

HIT / Admin Simp Rules				
23	CISA Cyber Incident Reporting for Critical Infrastructure Act (CIRCIA) Reporting Requirements	April 4	unknown	Q4 2025
24	HTI-2 - Health Data, Technology, and Interoperability: Patient Engagement, Information Sharing, and Public Health Interoperability	Q3	unknown	unknown
25	CMS Interoperability and Prior Authorization Final Rule	N/A - Final Rule	Jan. 17	2026 and 2027
26	21st Century Cures Act: Establishment of Disincentives for Health Care Providers who Have Committed Information Blocking	N/A - Final Rule	July 1	July 31
27	Administrative Simplification: Adoption of Standards for Health Care Attachment Transactions and Electronic Signatures, and Modification to Referral and Authorization Standard	N/A - Final Rule	Q3/Q4	unknown
Additional Rules				
28	Appeal Rights: Changes in Patient Status	Dec. 27, 2023	unknown	60 days after final rule
29	OSHA Emergency Response Standard for Hospital-based EMS	Feb. 5	unknown	unknown
30	Strengthening Oversight of Accrediting Organizations (AOs) and Preventing AO Conflict of Interest, and Related Provisions	Feb. 8	unknown	unknown
31	Laboratory-developed Tests	N/A - Final Rule	April 29	May 6, 2025 (to begin 4-year phase in)
32	OSHA: Infectious Diseases	unknown	unknown	unknown
33	340B Administrative Dispute Resolution Final Rule	N/A - Final Rule	April 19	June 10
34	Increasing Organ Transplant Access Model	May 17	Sept.	Jan. 1, 2025
35	Telemedicine Prescribing of Controlled Substances When the Practitioner and the Patient have not had a Prior In-person Medical Evaluation	July	Oct.	Nov.
36	Long-term Care Nurse Staffing Rule	N/A - Final Rule	April 26	varies
37	Transforming Episode Accountability Model	April 10	Aug. 1	Jan. 1, 2026
38	Draft Guidance on Medicare Drug Price Negotiation (IRA)	May 3	Q3 /Q4	Jan. 1, 2026
39	Mitigating the Impact of Anomalous Increases in Billing on Medicare Shared Savings Program Financial Calculations	June 28	Sept.	Oct.

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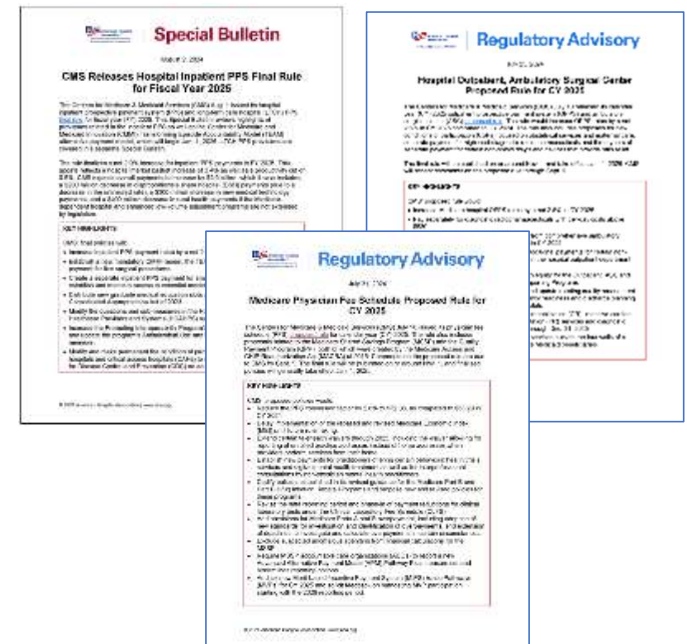


Advancing Health in America

Medicare Payments Still a Challenge

2025 Final and Proposed Rules Have Inadequate Updates

- IPPS Final
 - Payment update 2.9%
 - Decrease in DSH of \$200M
- OPPS Proposed
 - Payment Update 2.6%
- Physician Fee Schedule Proposed
 - Reduce conversion factor by 2.8%



CMS Using CoPs as Policy Lever

Provisions Impose Requirements with Unclear Tie to Outcomes

- **Weekly reporting of respiratory illness data to CDC**

- Includes inpatient rehab, psych

- **Obstetrical and Emergency Care**

- Minimum organization, staffing and delivery requirements

- Emergency readiness standards, regardless of OB

- Discharge planning

- **Cybersecurity**



More Mandatory CMMI Models

CMMI Shifting Strategy after Report Finds Government Losses

- Transforming Episode Accountability Model (TEAM)
 - 5 years beginning 2026
 - Mandatory for 751 hospitals
 - Lower discount factor; longer glidepath to two-sided risk
- Increasing Organ Transplant Access (IOTA)
 - 6 years beginning 2025
 - 50% of donor service areas
- MSSP: excluding anomalous vendor spending

The infographic is divided into two main sections. The top section, titled 'Transforming Episode Accountability Model', includes an 'OVERVIEW FACT SHEET' with 'MODEL PURPOSE', 'MODEL GOALS', 'MODEL APPROACH', and 'TRACK 1' information. The bottom section, titled 'Increasing Organ Transplant Access Model', features an illustration of two healthcare professionals, a 'Model Goals' section with four bullet points, and a 'Did You Know?' section with a clock graphic and statistics.

Transforming Episode Accountability Model (TEAM)

MODEL PURPOSE
Participants in a group of hospitals in an episode of hospital financial wellness, the required payment care that can lead to consolidation in primary, secondary hospitalization, and increased spending. These care episodes are tracked in the Transforming Episode Accountability Model (TEAM) will be accountable for ensuring that people with Medicare receive coordinated, high-quality care during and after certain surgical procedures. TEAM participants will be required to offer patients to primary care services to support optimal, long-term health outcomes. CMS released the final rule for TEAM in summer 2024.

MODEL GOALS
TEAM will aim to improve quality of care, reduce length of hospital stays, and help with strong financial outcomes. By holding and ensuring that patients are referred all people with Medicare in a care episode.

MODEL APPROACH
TEAM is a five-year mandatory episode model. Participants will be selected based on their size through a random selection process. The model will be implemented in 2026.

TRACK 1
The Affordable Care Act and the Health Care Reform Act of 2010 set up the Medicare Shared Savings Program (MSSP) to help hospitals and Medicare payers share the risk of costs for certain services. TEAM will be a new type of MSSP. Participants will be required to offer patients to primary care services to support optimal, long-term health outcomes. CMS released the final rule for TEAM in summer 2024.

MODEL CONTACT INFORMATION
CMS, 11600 Rockledge Drive

Increasing Organ Transplant Access Model (IOTA)

MODEL GOALS

- Advance the use of deceased donor kidneys.
- Reduce waitlist time and add potential living donors through a donation process.
- Improve care coordination and patient outcomes in the organ transplant process.
- Create a more equitable transplant process.
- Help patients to live with a healthy organ.
- Improve quality of care before, during and after transplantation.

Did You Know?

Approximately 90,000 people were on the waitlist for a kidney to transplant in the US in 2022, but only about 22,000 kidneys to transplant were performed during that time.

Approximately 5,000 people die each year while waiting for a kidney transplant.

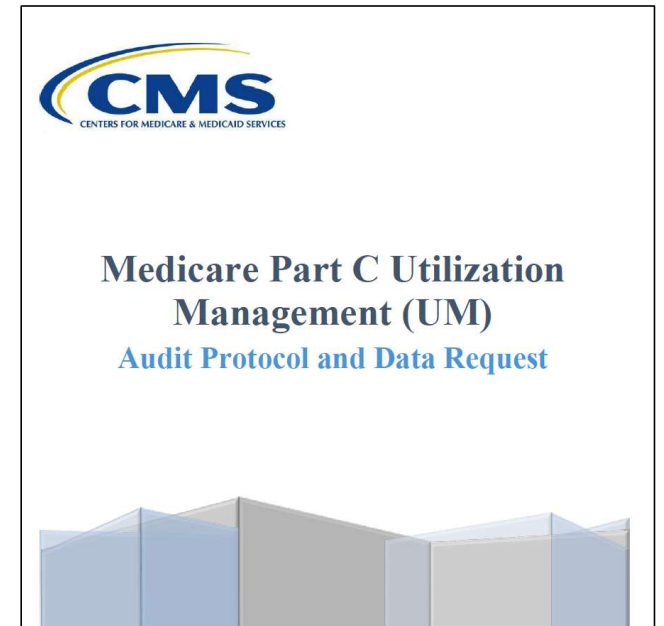
Approximately 3-5 years to live with a kidney transplant.

TEAM is a mandatory model. TEAM will aim to improve quality of care for patients and lower costs for Medicare. TEAM participants will be required to offer patients to primary care services to support optimal, long-term health outcomes. CMS released the final rule for TEAM in summer 2024.

Progress with MA Compliance

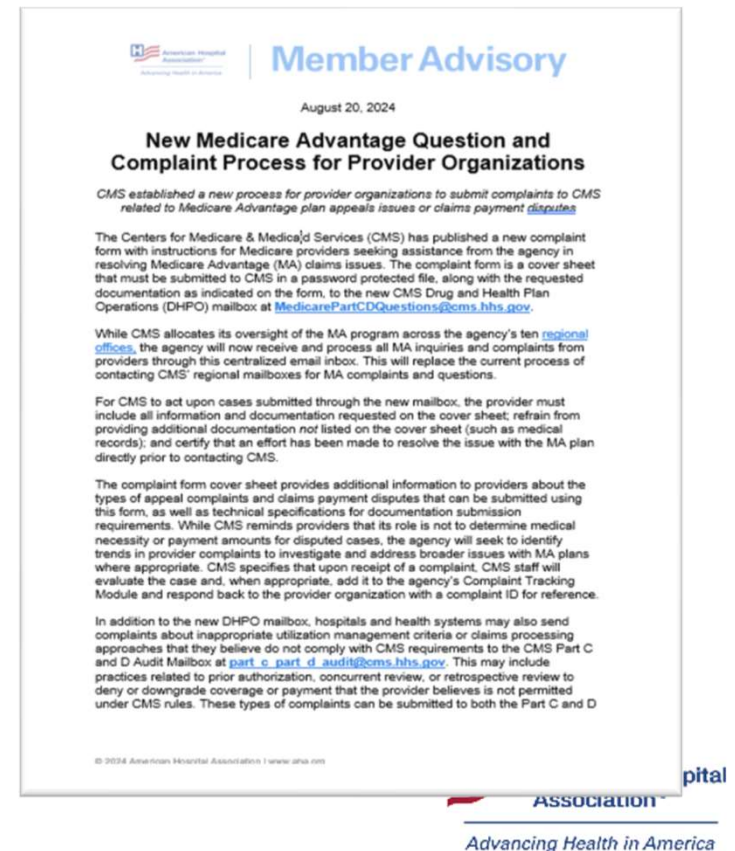
Increasing Oversight of Plan Behavior

- **CMS proposed plan for data collection and audit requirements** to evaluate MA plan compliance with CY24 MA Final Rule
 - 60 day comment period until Nov. 12



New Medicare Advantage Question and Complaint Process for Providers

- CMS established a new process for provider organizations to submit complaints to CMS related to Medicare Advantage plans
- Details in AHA Member Advisory
 - MedicarePartCDQuestions@cms.hhs.gov
 - [Part C Part D audit@cms.hhs.gov](mailto:Part_C_Part_D_audit@cms.hhs.gov)
- Complaints will be tracked in CMS' Complaint Tracking Module
 - # of CTM complaints per 1000 members is a Star Ratings measure for MA plans



CMS MA Provider Complaint Process

CMS Office of Program Operations & Local Engagement (OPOLE)

- Oversees Regional Offices
- Responsible for individual casework
- Confirm that you have tried to address issue with the plan first
 - Will not intervene in payment/contractual disputes
- Use “Version 5” Complaint Form
- Use for any type of question or complaint

Email Completed Form to:
MedicarePartCDQuestions@cms.hhs.gov

CMS Medicare Parts C and D Oversight and Enforcement Group (MPCDOEG)

- Oversees Audit/Enforcement of MA Plans
- Generally will not solve individual cases but will help to track/trend patterns of problem areas to target audit activity
- Specifically focused on violations of CMS rules (e.g., non-compliant UM criteria)
 - No Standardized Form
- Anticipate transitioning to a portal

Email Directly:
Part C Part D audit@cms.hhs.gov



Consider copying both email addresses

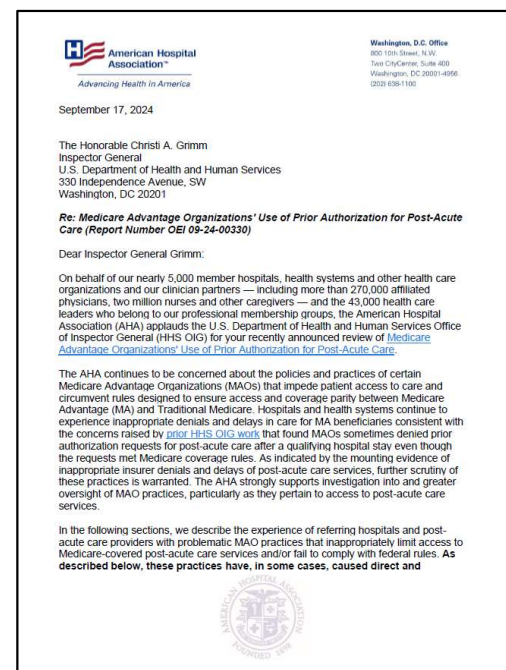


OIG to Investigate Prior Authorization for Post-Acute Care in MA



“Prior OIG work found that MAOs sometimes denied prior authorization requests for post-acute care after a qualifying hospital stay even though the requests met Medicare coverage rules. We will examine selected MAOs’ processes for reviewing prior authorization requests for post-acute care in long-term acute care hospitals, inpatient rehabilitation facilities, and skilled nursing facilities. We will also review the extent to which the selected MAOs denied requests for post-acute care and examine the care settings to which patients were discharged from the hospital.”

Announced June 2024 / Report Expected 2026



Advancing Behavioral Health

Regulatory Improvements in Payment, Coverage and GME

- Mental Health Parity Final Rule
 - Clear requirements about use of non-quantitative treatment limitations on BH coverage
- Physician Fee Schedule
 - New payments for crisis services, interprofessional consultations for non-MDs
- 200 Medicare-funded residency slots for psych in 2026



J&J 340B “Rebate Model”

Johnson & Johnson

- Starting Oct 15, J&J will enforce a new policy where 340B DSH hospitals can only access 340B pricing for Stelara and Xarelto through a back-end rebate instead of an upfront discount
- J&J policy will require hospitals to:
 - Purchase Stelara and Xarelto at full price
 - Submit claims data to J&J
 - Wait for data verification by J&J
 - Receive a rebate for the difference between the amount paid and the 340B price
- HRSA notified J&J that their model requires approval by Secretary of HHS which it was not given
- Aug 28, AHA wrote to HRSA urging the agency to refer J&J to the OIG to impose CMPs for this unlawful policy
- Sept 17, HRSA told J&J that their rebate model violates obligations under the 340B statute and directs J&J to cease implementation
- **All affected hospitals should communicate the potential financial and operational impact to HRSA as soon as possible.**
- Hill strategy and sign-on letter

Notice to 340B End Customers Regarding Purchases of STELARA and XARELTO

August 23, 2024

This notice is to inform 340B end customers of an update to the method by which Johnson & Johnson Health Care System Inc. (JHCS) shall make the 340B discount available to disproportionate share hospital (DSH) Covered Entities¹ on purchases of STELARA and XARELTO. This policy shall take effect in approximately two months, on October 15, 2024, and JHCS will provide an additional grace period for rebate claims submission. In total, DSH Covered Entities will have over six months to adjust to the new policy.



Washington, D.C. Office
800 10th Street, N.W.
Two CityCenter, Suite 400
Washington, DC 20001-4956
(202) 638-1100

August 28, 2024

The Honorable Carole Johnson
Administrator
Health Resources and Services Administration
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
5600 Fishers Lane
Rockville, MD 20852

Dear Administrator Johnson:

On behalf of our more than 2,000 member hospitals and health systems participating in the 340B Drug Pricing Program, the American Hospital Association (AHA) appreciates the Health Resources and Services Administration's (HRSA) response to Johnson & Johnson's (J&J) most recent attempt to undermine the 340B Drug Pricing Program by unilaterally imposing a "rebate" model, rather than the longstanding "upfront discount" model that the Secretary of Health and Human Services (HHS) has allowed since the outset of the program. **As HRSA correctly recognized, J&J's actions violate federal law. We urge you to take immediate enforcement action if J&J moves forward with these illegal measures, including by assessing civil monetary penalties for intentionally overcharging 340B hospitals.**

RA and XARELTO rebate model, JHCS charge, and Covered as well as additional lmanagement.com.



DEA Telemedicine Prescribing of Controlled Substances

- During the PHE, the DEA waived requirements for in-person visits prior to the prescribing of controlled substances via telemedicine
- Last year, DEA released two proposed rules on telemedicine prescribing of controlled substances without a prior in-person evaluation which were overly restrictive
- AHA submitted comments to DEA urging the creation of a special registration process to permanently waive in-person visit requirements
- In response, the DEA extended waivers through 2024
- New proposed rules are at OMB for telemedicine prescribing, but have yet to be released and have the potential to impose more barriers to access
- Given timeline to end of year we will be urging for waiver extensions